

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by Mackenzie Financial Corporation, as Manager of Wealthsimple Shariah World Equity Index ETF (the "ETF"). The Manager is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the data presented. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and making judgments and estimates consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for the development of internal controls over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Mackenzie Financial Corporation is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing the Manager's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board meets regularly with the Manager, internal auditors and external auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues.

KPMG LLP is the external auditor of the ETF. It is appointed by the Board. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable it to express to the unitholders its opinion on the financial statements. Its report is set out below.

On behalf of Mackenzie Financial Corporation,
Manager of the ETF



Luke Gould
President and Chief Executive Officer



Terry Rountes
Chief Financial Officer, Funds

June 4, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of Wealthsimple Shariah World Equity Index ETF (the "ETF")

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the ETF, which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023
- the statements of comprehensive income for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of changes in financial position for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 and
- notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, and its financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont'd)

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

– the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the ETF.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditor's report is Jacob Smolack.
Toronto, Canada
June 4, 2024

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Investments at fair value	220,591	154,144
Cash and cash equivalents	1,149	1,072
Dividends receivable	485	419
Accounts receivable for investments sold	15,041	–
Accounts receivable for units issued	2,972	–
Total assets	240,238	155,635
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable for investments purchased	17,860	–
Accounts payable for units redeemed	–	–
Due to manager	100	73
Total liabilities	17,960	73
Net assets attributable to unitholders	222,278	155,562

	Net assets attributable to unitholders (note 3)			
	per unit		per series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
CAD Units	29.64	26.82	222,278	155,562

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Income		
Dividends	4,484	3,321
Interest income for distribution purposes	7	3
Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets		
Net realized gain (loss)	2,889	(5,275)
Net unrealized gain (loss)	16,364	8,571
Other	58	30
Total income (loss)	23,802	6,650
Expenses (note 6)		
Management fees	998	719
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	188	138
Independent Review Committee fees	1	–
Other	1	1
Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager	1,188	858
Expenses absorbed by Manager	–	–
Net expenses	1,188	858
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations before tax	22,614	5,792
Foreign withholding tax expense (recovery)	554	438
Foreign income tax expense (recovery)	–	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	22,060	5,354

	Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations (note 3)			
	per unit		per series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
CAD Units	3.37	1.03	22,060	5,354

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	CAD Units	
	2024	2023
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		
Beginning of period	155,562	126,731
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	22,060	5,354
Distributions paid to unitholders:		
Investment income	(2,515)	(1,842)
Capital gains	(224)	(138)
Total distributions paid to unitholders	(2,739)	(1,980)
Unit transactions:		
Proceeds from units issued	47,171	25,319
Reinvested distributions	224	138
Payments on redemption of units	–	–
Total unit transactions	47,395	25,457
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	66,716	28,831
End of period	222,278	155,562
Increase (decrease) in units (in thousands) (note 7):	Units	
Units outstanding – beginning of period	5,800	4,800
Issued	1,700	1,000
Reinvested distributions	–	–
Redeemed	–	–
Units outstanding – end of period	7,500	5,800

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	22,060	5,354
Adjustments for:		
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	(2,933)	5,268
Change in net unrealized loss (gain) on investments	(16,364)	(8,571)
Purchase of investments	(131,306)	(103,495)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	86,944	75,787
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other assets	(66)	(143)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	27	14
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(41,638)	(25,786)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from units issued	44,199	27,975
Payments on redemption of units	–	–
Distributions paid net of reinvestments	(2,515)	(1,842)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	41,684	26,133
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	46	347
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,072	648
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	31	77
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1,149	1,072
Cash	1,149	1,072
Cash equivalents	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1,149	1,072
Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:		
Dividends received	4,418	3,178
Foreign taxes paid	554	438
Interest received	7	3
Interest paid	–	–

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES					
ABB Ltd.	Switzerland	Industrials	22,258	984	1,401
Abbott Laboratories	United States	Health Care	9,652	1,359	1,485
Accenture PLC Class A	United States	Information Technology	2,530	950	1,187
Adobe Systems Inc.	United States	Information Technology	1,294	747	884
Adyen NV	Netherlands	Financials	276	398	632
Air Liquide SA	France	Materials	5,889	1,183	1,660
Airbnb Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	3,042	556	679
Alphabet Inc. Class C	United States	Communication Services	5,262	798	1,084
Amphenol Corp. Class A	United States	Information Technology	9,516	1,077	1,485
Apple Inc.	United States	Information Technology	5,097	1,061	1,183
ARC Resources Ltd.	Canada	Energy	35,078	641	847
ASML Holding NV	Netherlands	Information Technology	711	616	927
Astellas Pharma Inc.	Japan	Health Care	92,144	1,693	1,339
Auto Trader Group PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	97,041	1,185	1,162
AvalonBay Communities Inc.	United States	Real Estate	5,856	1,452	1,470
Barratt Developments PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	131,470	970	1,069
Barry Callebaut AG	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	955	1,879	1,878
Beiersdorf AG	Germany	Consumer Staples	9,005	1,390	1,776
BHP Group Ltd.	Australia	Materials	30,878	1,251	1,207
Bridgestone Corp.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	24,791	1,263	1,483
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co.	United States	Health Care	24,743	2,144	1,816
Broadcom Inc.	United States	Information Technology	599	718	1,074
Cameco Corp.	Canada	Energy	12,639	476	741
Canadian National Railway Co.	Canada	Industrials	9,519	1,434	1,698
Canadian Natural Resources Ltd.	Canada	Energy	10,369	758	1,071
carsales.com Ltd.	Australia	Communication Services	38,906	1,098	1,239
CBRE Group Inc. Class A	United States	Real Estate	8,714	864	1,147
Cencora Inc.	United States	Health Care	4,950	1,283	1,628
CGI Inc.	Canada	Information Technology	10,974	1,289	1,640
Chevron Corp.	United States	Energy	5,813	1,068	1,241
Church & Dwight Co. Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	11,420	1,316	1,612
Cintas Corp.	United States	Industrials	1,697	1,132	1,578
Cisco Systems Inc.	United States	Information Technology	21,309	1,397	1,439
The Coca-Cola Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	25,556	1,945	2,116
Cochlear Ltd.	Australia	Health Care	4,550	952	1,356
Cognizant Technology Solutions Corp.	United States	Information Technology	12,225	1,088	1,212
Compass Group PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	37,813	1,510	1,502
ConocoPhillips	United States	Energy	5,735	772	988
Constellation Energy	United States	Utilities	3,551	541	888
Corteva Inc.	United States	Materials	15,672	1,075	1,223
CoStar Group Inc.	United States	Real Estate	7,668	807	1,002
Coterra Energy Inc.	United States	Energy	23,732	807	895
Croda International PLC	United Kingdom	Materials	14,215	1,589	1,191
Daito Trust Construction Co. Ltd.	Japan	Real Estate	8,273	1,267	1,274
Devon Energy Corp.	United States	Energy	10,918	790	741
Diamondback Energy Inc.	United States	Energy	2,975	564	798
Dollarama Inc.	Canada	Consumer Discretionary	15,640	1,319	1,614
DSM-Firmenich AG	Switzerland	Materials	7,280	1,266	1,121
DuPont de Nemours Inc.	United States	Materials	11,534	1,120	1,197
eBay Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	14,228	848	1,016
Ecolab Inc.	United States	Materials	4,124	966	1,289
Emerson Electric Co.	United States	Industrials	8,935	1,155	1,371
ENN Energy Holdings Ltd.	China	Utilities	65,420	988	682
EOG Resources Inc.	United States	Energy	5,143	721	890
Equinix Inc.	United States	Real Estate	1,013	961	1,131
Equity Residential	United States	Real Estate	16,970	1,488	1,449
Expeditors International of Washington Inc.	United States	Industrials	7,971	1,173	1,311
Exxon Mobil Corp.	United States	Energy	7,367	813	1,159
FactSet Research Systems Inc.	United States	Financials	2,159	1,098	1,328
Fastenal Co.	United States	Industrials	13,430	941	1,402
Ferrari NV	Italy	Consumer Discretionary	2,203	682	1,301
Franco-Nevada Corp.	Canada	Materials	8,398	1,461	1,355
Garmin Ltd.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	6,540	1,005	1,318
Gartner Inc.	United States	Information Technology	1,678	805	1,082

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Geberit AG	Switzerland	Industrials	1,653	1,304	1,324
Genuine Parts Co.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	6,762	1,242	1,418
Gilead Sciences Inc.	United States	Health Care	15,077	1,534	1,495
Givaudan SA	Switzerland	Materials	227	1,151	1,370
GlaxoSmithKline PLC	United Kingdom	Health Care	57,593	1,407	1,682
Halliburton Co.	United States	Energy	14,830	676	791
Hermes International	France	Consumer Discretionary	324	659	1,120
The Hershey Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	6,584	1,978	1,733
Hess Corp.	United States	Energy	4,086	755	844
Hirose Electric Co. Ltd.	Japan	Information Technology	9,357	1,297	1,297
Hologic Inc.	United States	Health Care	13,526	1,399	1,427
The Home Depot Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	2,621	1,122	1,361
Honeywell International Inc.	United States	Industrials	5,931	1,617	1,647
Illinois Tool Works Inc.	United States	Industrials	4,309	1,203	1,565
Imperial Oil Ltd.	Canada	Energy	11,328	655	1,058
Incyte Corp.	United States	Health Care	15,921	1,248	1,227
Independence Group NL	Australia	Materials	117,903	902	736
Industria de Diseno Textil SA (Inditex)	Spain	Consumer Discretionary	19,039	775	1,299
Informa PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	85,079	902	1,209
Johnson & Johnson	United States	Health Care	9,893	2,103	2,118
Kao Corp.	Japan	Consumer Staples	31,422	1,838	1,589
Kerry Group PLC A	Ireland	Consumer Staples	12,605	1,776	1,463
Kimberly-Clark Corp.	United States	Consumer Staples	10,636	1,892	1,862
KLA-Tencor Corp.	United States	Information Technology	879	682	831
Kone OYJ B	Finland	Industrials	19,795	1,425	1,248
Kuehne + Nagel International AG	Switzerland	Industrials	3,283	1,266	1,238
Kyocera Corp.	Japan	Information Technology	80,204	1,407	1,444
Linde PLC	Ireland	Materials	2,299	952	1,445
Lindt & Sprungli AG-PC	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	97	1,543	1,573
L'Oréal SA	France	Consumer Staples	2,151	1,182	1,379
MasterCard Inc. Class A	United States	Financials	1,948	995	1,269
Merck & Co. Inc.	United States	Health Care	9,674	1,272	1,727
Meta Platforms Inc. Class A	United States	Communication Services	1,020	329	670
Microsoft Corp.	United States	Information Technology	2,103	772	1,197
Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc.	United States	Real Estate	8,051	1,653	1,434
Mondelez International Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	18,842	1,603	1,785
Mondi PLC	South Africa	Materials	49,683	1,405	1,185
Monster Beverage Corp.	United States	Consumer Staples	16,856	1,058	1,352
Moody's Corp.	United States	Financials	2,380	1,019	1,266
Naver Corp.	South Korea	Communication Services	5,173	1,290	973
Neste Oil OYJ	Finland	Energy	24,231	1,275	889
Nestlé SA Reg.	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	14,750	2,263	2,122
Nike Inc. Class B	United States	Consumer Discretionary	7,408	935	942
Nitto Denko Corp.	Japan	Materials	9,879	907	1,217
Novartis AG Reg.	Switzerland	Health Care	14,976	1,783	1,966
Novo Nordisk AS B	Denmark	Health Care	8,009	614	1,383
NVR Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	109	747	1,195
OBIC Co. Ltd.	Japan	Information Technology	6,476	1,340	1,321
Ono Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	62,948	1,815	1,394
Otsuka Holdings Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	26,521	1,239	1,487
PepsiCo Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	8,668	1,947	2,053
Pilbara Minerals Ltd.	Australia	Materials	165,007	582	558
Pioneer Natural Resources Co.	United States	Energy	2,778	740	987
The Procter & Gamble Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	8,662	1,630	1,902
ProLogis Inc.	United States	Real Estate	6,996	1,122	1,233
Public Storage	United States	Real Estate	3,691	1,411	1,449
Quest Diagnostics Inc.	United States	Health Care	8,882	1,566	1,600
Reckitt Benckiser Group PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	21,145	1,907	1,631
RELX PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	31,596	1,210	1,849
Rightmove PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	116,381	1,089	1,093
Rio Tinto PLC	United Kingdom	Materials	13,077	1,191	1,122
Roche Holding AG Genussscheine	Switzerland	Health Care	5,157	2,096	1,780
Rollins Inc.	United States	Industrials	20,170	956	1,263
Roper Technologies Inc.	United States	Information Technology	2,205	1,272	1,673

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
S&P Global Inc.	United States	Financials	2,344	1,172	1,350
Safran SA	France	Industrials	3,837	1,182	1,178
The Sage Group PLC	United Kingdom	Information Technology	68,602	1,492	1,484
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd.	South Korea	Information Technology	21,352	1,485	1,734
Sanofi	United States	Health Care	11,279	1,438	1,499
SAP AG	Germany	Information Technology	5,678	1,064	1,498
Schindler Holding AG PC	Switzerland	Industrials	3,765	1,137	1,285
Schlumberger Ltd.	United States	Energy	10,964	741	813
SECOM Co. Ltd.	Japan	Industrials	16,712	1,536	1,638
¹ SGS SA Reg.	Switzerland	Industrials	13,183	1,515	1,733
Shin-Etsu Chemical Co. Ltd.	Japan	Materials	19,390	780	1,145
Singapore Telecommunications Ltd.	Singapore	Communication Services	749,420	1,776	1,901
Sonic Healthcare Ltd.	Australia	Health Care	59,960	1,753	1,557
Subaru Corp.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	37,275	915	1,142
Suncor Energy Inc.	Canada	Energy	19,984	806	999
The Swatch Group AG	Switzerland	Consumer Discretionary	3,654	1,337	1,150
Swisscom AG Reg.	Switzerland	Communication Services	2,699	1,951	2,237
Symrise AG	Germany	Materials	8,901	1,351	1,443
TE Connectivity Ltd.	United States	Information Technology	6,555	1,209	1,288
Tenaris SA	United States	Energy	33,905	591	908
Thomson Reuters Corp.	Canada	Industrials	8,760	1,291	1,847
The TJX Companies Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	9,871	1,199	1,355
Tourmaline Oil Corp.	Canada	Energy	15,172	915	961
The Trade Desk Inc. Class A	United States	Communication Services	4,220	431	499
Ulta Beauty Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	1,446	914	1,023
Unicharm Corp.	Japan	Consumer Staples	30,683	1,471	1,322
Unilever PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	26,499	1,806	1,801
UPM-Kymmene OYJ	Finland	Materials	29,610	1,352	1,336
Valero Energy Corp.	United States	Energy	3,814	620	881
Visa Inc. Class A	United States	Financials	3,581	1,041	1,352
W.W. Grainger Inc.	United States	Industrials	951	752	1,309
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	20,208	1,263	1,645
Wesfarmers Ltd.	Australia	Consumer Discretionary	28,563	1,374	1,725
Weyerhaeuser Co.	United States	Real Estate	26,035	1,162	1,265
Wheaton Precious Metals Corp.	Canada	Materials	19,078	1,071	1,217
Wolters Kluwer NV	Netherlands	Industrials	7,972	1,105	1,692
Yakult Hansha Co. Ltd.	Japan	Consumer Staples	48,228	1,593	1,333
Zimmer Biomet Holdings Inc.	United States	Health Care	7,614	1,173	1,360
ZOZO Inc.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	28,722	782	962
Total equities				196,418	220,591
Transaction costs				(177)	–
Total investments				196,241	220,591
Cash and cash equivalents					1,149
Other assets less liabilities					538
Net assets attributable to unitholders					222,278

¹ The issuer of this security is related to Mackenzie. See Note 1.

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SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

MARCH 31, 2024

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	99.3
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5
Other assets (liabilities)	0.2

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United States	46.3
Switzerland	10.6
Japan	9.6
United Kingdom	8.1
Canada	6.8
Australia	3.8
France	3.1
Germany	2.1
Other	1.9
Finland	1.6
Netherlands	1.5
South Korea	1.2
Ireland	1.2
Singapore	0.9
Denmark	0.6
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5
Other assets (liabilities)	0.2

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Consumer staples	15.4
Health care	14.1
Industrials	13.3
Information technology	11.6
Consumer discretionary	11.1
Materials	10.4
Energy	8.3
Real estate	5.8
Communication services	5.4
Financials	3.2
Utilities	0.7
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5
Other assets (liabilities)	0.2

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PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	99.1
Cash and short-term investments	0.7
Other assets (liabilities)	0.2

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United States	33.9
Japan	16.2
United Kingdom	10.2
Switzerland	8.9
Canada	5.9
France	4.0
Other	3.5
Netherlands	3.3
Australia	3.1
Germany	2.8
South Korea	1.9
Finland	1.7
Ireland	1.4
Denmark	1.2
Sweden	1.1
Cash and short-term investments	0.7
Other assets (liabilities)	0.2

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Consumer staples	15.7
Industrials	14.1
Health care	13.1
Consumer discretionary	12.1
Materials	11.9
Information technology	10.0
Communication services	7.4
Real estate	5.9
Energy	4.8
Financials	3.2
Utilities	0.9
Cash and short-term investments	0.7
Other assets (liabilities)	0.2

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the periods ended or as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, as applicable. In the year an exchange-traded fund (“the ETF”) is established, ‘period’ represents the period from inception to the period end of that fiscal year. Refer to Note 11 for the formation date of the ETF.

The ETF is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the ETF’s registered office is 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units for sale under a Prospectus. The units of the ETF are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange/Cboe Canada (“the Exchange”).

Mackenzie Financial Corporation (“Mackenzie”) is the manager of the ETF, and together with Wealthsimple Inc., are the promoters of the ETF. Mackenzie is wholly owned by IGM Financial Inc., a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. IGM Financial Inc. is also the largest shareholder in Wealthsimple Inc. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the ETF are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These audited annual financial statements (“financial statements”) have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (“IFRS”). A summary of the ETF’s material accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF’s functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Mackenzie Financial Corporation on June 4, 2024.

3. Material Accounting Policies

The ETF adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statements 2 from April 1, 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements. The amendments require the disclosure of ‘material’ rather than ‘significant’ accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies. The Manager reviewed the accounting policies and made updates to the information disclosed in certain instances in line with the amendments.

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, exchange-traded funds and derivatives. The ETF classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (“IFRS 9”). Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the ETF becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the ETF has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. Investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

The ETF accounts for its holdings in unlisted open-ended investment funds, private funds (“Underlying Funds”) and Exchange-Traded Funds (“ETFs”), if any, at FVTPL. For private funds, the Manager will rely on the valuations provided by the managers of the private funds, which represents the ETF’s proportionate share of the net assets of these private funds. The ETF’s investment in Underlying Funds and ETFs, if any, is presented in the Schedule of Investments at fair value which represents the ETF’s maximum exposure on these investments.

The ETF’s redeemable units are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. Unitholders may redeem units of the ETF at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price of the units on the Exchange on the effective day of the redemption, subject to a maximum redemption price of the applicable NAV per unit. These different redemption features create equally subordinate but not identical units of the ETF which therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The ETF’s obligation for net assets attributable to unitholders is presented at the redemption amount. Refer to Note 7 for details of subscriptions and redemptions of the ETF’s units.

IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the units of the ETF, arising from financing activities. Changes in units of the ETF, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the units not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for units issued or Accounts payable for units redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement (cont'd)

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, Mackenzie determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constating documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in Mackenzie's opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by Mackenzie using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models. The fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the ETF in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position.

The ETF may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The ETF may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the ETF's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the ETF's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the ETF, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The daily fluctuation of futures contracts or swaps, along with daily cash settlements made by the ETF, where applicable, are equal to the change in unrealized gains or losses that are best determined at the settlement price. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the ETF closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position – Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums paid for purchasing an option are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position – Investments at fair value.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at March 31, 2024.

The ETF categorizes the fair value of its assets and liabilities into three categories, which are differentiated based on the observable nature of the inputs and extent of estimation required.

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Examples of Level 2 valuations include quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices on inactive markets and from recognized investment dealers, and the application of factors derived from observable data to non-North American quoted prices in order to estimate the impact of differences in market closing times.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices. Short-term investments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on amortized cost plus accrued interest which closely approximates fair value.

The estimated fair values for these securities may be different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

See Note 11 for the fair value classifications of the ETF.

(c) Income recognition

Interest income for distribution purposes represents the coupon interest received by the ETF which is accounted for on an accrual basis. The ETF does not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Unrealized gains or losses on investments, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Distributions received from an underlying fund are included in interest income, dividend income or realized gains (losses) on sale of investments, as appropriate, on the ex-dividend or distribution date.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, exchanges, brokers, dealers and other intermediaries. The total brokerage commissions incurred by the ETF in connection with portfolio transactions for the periods, together with other transaction charges, is disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on the best net result for the ETF. Subject to this criteria, commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of these services generated during the periods is disclosed in Note 11. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated.

Mackenzie may reimburse the ETF for certain commissions and other portfolio transaction costs. Mackenzie may make these reimbursements at its discretion and stop these reimbursements at any time without notice. Any such reimbursements are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – expenses absorbed by Manager.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The ETF is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the ETF's Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date. Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and recognized when earned. Securities lending transactions are administered by The Bank of New York Mellon (the "Securities Lending Agent"). The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased.

Note 11 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received as at the end of period, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income during the period, if applicable. Collateral received is comprised of debt obligations of the Government of Canada and other countries, Canadian provincial and municipal governments, and financial institutions.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the ETF enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 11 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable, subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact to the Statements of Financial Position if all such rights were exercised.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the ETF.

(g) Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the ETF is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders on a business day by the total number of units outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per unit

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to unitholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities and is disclosed in Note 11.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

(k) Future accounting changes

The ETF has determined there are no material implications to the ETF's financial statements arising from IFRS issued but not yet effective.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates made in preparing the financial statements:

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments (cont'd)

Use of Estimates

Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the ETF.

Use of Judgments

Classification and measurement of investments

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the ETF, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. Mackenzie has assessed the ETF's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the ETF's financial instruments.

Functional currency

The ETF's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the ETF's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which units are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the ETF are measured.

Interest in unconsolidated structured entities

In determining whether an Underlying Fund or an ETF in which the ETF invests, but that it does not consolidate, meets the definition of a structured entity, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity. These Underlying Funds do meet the definition of a structured entity because:

- I. The voting rights in the Underlying Funds are not dominant factors in deciding who controls them;
- II. the activities of the Underlying Funds are restricted by their offering documents; and
- III. the Underlying Funds have narrow and well-defined investment objectives to provide investment opportunities for investors while passing on the associated risks and rewards.

As a result, such investments are accounted for at FVTPL. Note 11 summarizes the details of the ETF's interest in these Underlying Funds, if applicable.

5. Income Taxes

The ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. The ETF maintains a December year-end for tax purposes. The ETF may be subject to withholding taxes on foreign income. In general, the ETF treats withholding tax as a charge against income for tax purposes. The ETF will distribute sufficient amounts from net income for tax purposes, as required, so that the ETF will not pay income taxes other than refundable tax on capital gains, if applicable.

Losses of the ETF cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the ETF for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 11 for the ETF's loss carryforwards.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Mackenzie is paid a management fee for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions and making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio. The management fee is calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the units of the ETF.

In addition to the applicable management fee, the operating expenses payable by the ETF include interest and borrowing costs, brokerage expenses and related transaction fees, fees and expenses relating to the operation of the Mackenzie ETFs' Independent Review Committee (IRC), fees under any derivative instrument used by the ETF, cost of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce summary documents, ETF facts or other similar disclosure documents, the costs of complying with governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, including, without limitation, any new fees or increases in fees, the fees related to external services that are not commonly charged in the Canadian exchange-traded fund industry after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the ETFs, fees paid to external legal counsel and/or others in connection with corporate or other actions affecting the portfolio holdings of the ETF, and any applicable taxes, including income, withholding or other taxes and also including G.S.T. or H.S.T. on expenses.

Mackenzie may waive or absorb management fees and operating expenses at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice. Mackenzie may charge a reduced management fee rate with respect to investments in the ETF by large investors, including other funds managed by Mackenzie or affiliates of Mackenzie. An amount equal to the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee will be distributed in cash to those unitholders by the ETF as a management fee distribution. Refer to Note 11 for the management fee rates charged to units of the ETF.

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7. Units and Unit Transactions

Mackenzie, on behalf of the ETF, has entered into a designated broker agreement with one or more designated brokers pursuant to which the designated broker has agreed to perform certain duties relating to the ETF including, without limitation: (i) to subscribe for a sufficient number of units to satisfy the Exchange's original listing requirements; (ii) to subscribe for units on an ongoing basis in connection with any rebalancing event, as applicable, and when cash redemptions of units occur; and (iii) to post a liquid two-way market for the trading of units on the Exchange. In accordance with the designated broker agreement, Mackenzie may from time to time require the designated broker to subscribe for units of the ETF for cash.

The number of units issued/redeemed for subscription/redemption orders (the "Prescribed Number of Units") is determined by Mackenzie. On any trading day, a designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for any multiple of the Prescribed Number of Units of the ETF based on the NAV per unit determined on the applicable trading day. A trading day is each day on which the Exchange is opened for business.

Generally, all orders to purchase units directly from an ETF must be placed by a designated broker or a dealer. The ETF reserves the absolute right to reject any subscription order placed by a designated broker or a dealer. No fees will be payable by the ETF to a designated broker or a dealer in connection with the issuance of units. On the issuance of units, an amount may be charged to a designated broker or a dealer to offset the expenses incurred in issuing the units.

For each Prescribed Number of Units issued, a dealer must deliver payment consisting of: (i) a basket of securities and cash equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; (ii) cash in an amount equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by Mackenzie, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order.

8. ETF's Capital

The capital of the ETF is comprised of the net assets attributable to unitholders. The units outstanding for the ETF as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 and units issued, reinvested and redeemed for the periods are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Mackenzie manages the capital of the ETF in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 11.

9. Financial Instruments Risk

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7"). The ETF's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at March 31, 2024, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.

Mackenzie seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the ETF's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the ETF's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, Mackenzie also maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the ETF encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The ETF is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. In accordance with securities regulations, the ETF must maintain at least 85% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold). The ETF also has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions and an additional 5% of its net assets for the purpose of funding distributions paid to its investors.

iii. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the ETF's functional currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Generally, foreign denominated investments increase in value when the value of the Canadian dollar (relative to foreign currencies) falls. Conversely, when the value of the Canadian dollar rises relative to foreign currencies, the values of foreign denominated investments fall.

Note 11 indicates the foreign currencies, if applicable, to which the ETF had significant exposure, including both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments, and illustrates the potential impact, in Canadian dollar terms, to the ETF's net assets had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to currency risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts including forward currency contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities (including dividends and interest receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the ETF to significant currency risk.

iv. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments. The ETF is exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally, these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

If significant, Note 11 summarizes the ETF's interest-bearing financial instruments by remaining term to maturity and illustrates the potential impact to the ETF's net assets had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, all other variables held constant. The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using weighted average duration. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts. Cash and cash equivalents and other money market instruments are short term in nature and are not generally subject to significant amounts of interest rate risk.

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9. Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

v. Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the ETF continues to increase, theoretically without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying investments and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the ETF. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the ETF holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract.

Other price risk typically arises from exposure to equity and commodity securities. If significant, Note 11 illustrates the potential increase or decrease in the ETF's net assets, had the prices on the respective exchanges for these securities increased or decreased by 10%, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to other price risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts.

vi. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the ETF. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

If presented, credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization. Indirect exposure to credit risk may arise from fixed-income securities, such as bonds, held by underlying ETFs, if any. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer.

To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The ETF may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

vii. Underlying ETFs

The ETF may invest in underlying ETFs and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying ETFs. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying ETF.

10. Other Information

Abbreviations

Foreign currencies, if any, are presented in these financial statements using the following abbreviated currency codes:

Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description
AUD	Australian dollars	HUF	Hungarian forint	PLN	Polish zloty
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	QAR	Qatar Rial
BRL	Brazilian real	ILS	Israeli shekel	RON	Romanian leu
CAD	Canadian dollars	INR	Indian rupee	RUB	Russian ruble
CHF	Swiss franc	JPY	Japanese yen	SAR	Saudi riyal
CZK	Czech koruna	KOR	South Korean won	SEK	Swedish krona
CLP	Chilean peso	MXN	Mexican peso	SGD	Singapore dollars
CNY	Chinese yuan	MYR	Malaysian ringgit	THB	Thailand baht
COP	Colombian peso	NGN	Nigerian naira	TRL	Turkish lira
DKK	Danish krone	NOK	Norwegian krona	USD	United States dollars
EGP	Egyptian pound	NTD	New Taiwan dollar	VND	Vietnamese dong
EUR	Euro	NZD	New Zealand dollars	ZAR	South African rand
GBP	United Kingdom pounds	PEN	Peruvian nuevo sol	ZMW	Zambian kwacha
GHS	Ghana Cedi	PHP	Philippine peso		
HKD	Hong Kong dollars	PKR	Pakistani rupee		

WEALTHSIMPLE SHARIAH WORLD EQUITY INDEX ETF

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a))

(a) ETF Formation and Series Information

Date of Formation: April 21, 2021

The ETF may issue an unlimited number of units. The number of issued and outstanding units is disclosed in the Statements of Changes in Financial Position.

CAD Units were listed on the Cboe Canada under the symbol WSHR. The closing market price, or the midpoint of the bid and ask prices in the absence of a closing market price, at March 31, 2024 was \$29.64 (2023 – \$26.80).

The management fee rate for CAD Units is 0.50%.

As at March 31, 2024, the ETF's NAV per unit was \$29.64 (2023 – \$26.82) and its Net Assets per unit calculated in accordance with IFRS was \$29.64 (2023 – \$26.82).

(b) Tax Loss Carryforwards

Total Capital Loss \$	Total Non-Capital Loss \$	Expiration Date of Non-Capital Losses													
		2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043
4,413	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(c) Securities Lending

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the ETF did not have any open securities lending, repurchase or reverse purchase transactions.

(d) Commissions

For the periods ended March 31, 2024, and 2023, commissions paid by the ETF did not generate any third-party services that were provided or paid for by brokers.

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF seeks to replicate, to the extent reasonably possible and before fees and expenses, the performance of the Dow Jones Islamic Market Developed Markets Quality and Low Volatility Index, or any successor thereto. It invests primarily in equity securities of developed world markets that are Shariah compliant.

ii. Currency risk

The tables below summarize the ETF's exposure to currency risk.

Currency	March 31, 2024				Impact on net assets			
	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
					(\$)	%	(\$)	%
USD	105,699	519	-	106,218				
EUR	24,369	-	-	24,369				
JPY	21,387	150	-	21,537				
CHF	21,057	19	-	21,076				
GBP	17,980	2	-	17,982				
AUD	8,378	33	-	8,411				
KOR	2,707	(30)	-	2,677				
SGD	1,901	-	-	1,901				
DKK	1,383	-	-	1,383				
HKD	682	-	-	682				
Total	205,543	693	-	206,236				
% of Net Assets	92.5	0.3	-	92.8				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(10,312)	(4.6)	10,312	4.6

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

ii. Currency risk (cont'd)

Currency	March 31, 2023				Impact on net assets			
	Investments	Cash and Short-Term Investments	Derivative Instruments	Net Exposure*	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	%	(\$)	%
USD	56,481	293	–	56,774				
JPY	25,142	34	–	25,176				
EUR	22,278	–	–	22,278				
GBP	14,983	–	–	14,983				
CHF	12,846	36	–	12,882				
AUD	4,798	47	–	4,845				
KOR	2,888	(49)	–	2,839				
DKK	1,884	–	–	1,884				
SEK	1,748	–	–	1,748				
SGD	1,272	–	–	1,272				
NOK	682	–	–	682				
HKD	666	–	–	666				
Total	145,668	361	–	146,029				
% of Net Assets	93.6	0.2	–	93.8				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(7,301)	(4.7)	7,301	4.7

* Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

iii. Interest rate risk

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to interest rate risk.

iv. Other price risk

The table below summarizes the ETF's exposure to other price risk.

Impact on net assets	Increased by 10%		Decreased by 10%	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
March 31, 2024	22,059	9.9	(22,059)	(9.9)
March 31, 2023	15,414	9.9	(15,414)	(9.9)

v. Credit risk

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

(f) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the ETF's financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy described in note 3.

	March 31, 2024				March 31, 2023			
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	220,591	–	–	220,591	154,144	–	–	154,144
Total	220,591	–	–	220,591	154,144	–	–	154,144

The ETF's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the periods, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information *(in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)*

(g) Investments by the Manager and Affiliates

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no investments by the Manager and affiliates in the ETF.

(h) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no amounts subject to offsetting.

(i) Interest in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the ETF had no investments in Underlying Funds.